<u>Art</u>	Year 3 Autumn 1	Learning in t	his tonic:					
<u> </u>		Producing Creative Work and Ideas						
	Theme: Ancient Egypt		elling (for the lid) using photos/pictures as ideas to					
	Strand: 3D modelling	design their owr	design their own.					
	Medium: Clay		Proficiency in art mediums (drawing, painting, sculpture etc.)					
NC			- Children will ask questions about canopic jars and learn about their purpose. Explain links to our history topicChildren will initially explore photos/pictures of canopic jars and use these to make a range of drawings in a sketchbook, adding notes					
NC objectives	To create sketch books to record their		ant to base their jar on.					
objectives covered:	observations and use them to review and	1	e drawing techniques to create a design for their jar.					
covered.	revisit ideas	1	now to correctly use appropriate tools to shape and r ies to soften air-drying clay.	ate a 3D snape for the lia of their jar, including				
	To improve their mastery of art and design	-Children will led	er, glue and water whilst being careful to ensure					
	techniques, including drawing, painting and	that it is wet end	lecorate the jars accordingly.					
	sculpture with a range of materials [for			•	ndary colours and identify complementary colours to bring out			
	example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]	specific details.						
Deiox	Make drawings in a sketchbook of artefacts and images adding	They will understand the terms primary and secondary in terms of colour mixing and discuss how they can identify complementary of to enhance small details when painting. Knowledge of artists and designers and their impact on history/culture						
Prior Knowledge	notes where appropriate.							
needed:	Create simple drawings based on things observed in order to							
necaca.	create designs.							
	Use an increasing range of paints to create different textures.							
	Use an increasing range of painting tools and simple techniques.		used. They will then focus on these images by completing a series of sketches and will try to imitate their style using various materials.					
	Identify the primary colours needed to mix all secondary colours.							
	Experiment with the production of light and dark shades of colour.							
	Talk about and explore a range of modelling materials.							
	Shape and join clay to make a thumb pot using slip and impress	s ·						
	prints.							
Curriculum		Curriculum	Make a range of drawings in a sketchbook to record	Direct links	Topic – Egyptians			
Concepts	Colour shading and colour mixing of primary and secondary colours	Skills	observations in detail, adding notes where appropriate.	made to	English – instruction writing			
and	,	Progression:	Use line drawings to show the size and relationship of shapes.	other				
Themes:	Sketching pencils		Use a viewfinder to isolate and record parts of an image.	subjects:	Maths – shape and pattern			
	Clay modelling		Use a range of tools to apply paint, and create pattern.					
	Papier mache		Mix shades of primary and secondary colours.					
			Identify complementary colours					
			Create a 3D model using a range of modelling materials.					
			Roll and shape clay to produce a coil pot and relief tiles.					
Inspirational Start:		Mid-way Mil	Mid-way Milestone:		Extraordinary End:			
(hook to capture the imagination) Show children images of different canopic jars – children to		Children to rev	Children to review their art wards of their art is in a fine		(a recognised end point to work towards)			
	work in mixed ability small groups using question prompt words		Children to review their art work of their canopic jar so far using original design. Discuss celebrations/improvements using		Gallery to share canopic jars with other class			
_	to generate their own questions e.g. what are they called?		two stars and a wish with a mixed ability partner.					
What is their p	ourpose? How are they made?							

<u>Art</u>	Year 3 Spring 1	Learning in this topic:					
Theme: The Stone Age		Producing Creative Work and Ideas					
Strand: Printing Medium: mud paint, charcoal, chalk		To explore the use of stencils and natural paints to create simple animal depictions using stipple brushing.					
		To design a cave painting and narrative which depicts a prehistory story using a range of appropriate media including: mud paint , charcoal , chalk , soil , sand , spices and minerals .					
NC objectives covered:	To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay] Learn about great artists, architects and designers in history.	Proficiency in art mediums (drawing, painting, sculpture etc.) Throughout the unit, children will be: • Foraging to collect natural materials to create simple natural paints using water, sources of dye such as grass, leaves, mud, berries. • Simple minerals and spices will be used to create natural paints when mixed with mud, sand and water. • Drawing simple outlines of humans, trees and tools available. • Use of simple stencils to create animal outlines. • Use of charcoal and chalk for different media and to extend colour palette. • Painting using natural paints and applying using fine brushes and fingers.					
Prior Knowledge needed:	Colour mixing Use of mediums such as paint, charcoal, chalk. Knowledge of Stone Age in ancient history. Use of different techniques and tools for applying different mediums to create effect.	Analyse and Evaluate Art using design language To evaluate and explore significant cave art images identifying their age, location, materials used and the narrative it depicts. This will focus on the limited palette of colours and tools available to the artists and consider the reasons for this in a historical context. Knowledge of artists and designers and their impact on history/culture Explore famous cave paintings from around the world: the caves of Altamira (in Spain), Lascaux (in France), Creswell Crags in England, Ceuvas de las Manos (Argentina), Magura (Bulgaria), Chauvet Cave (South of France).					
		Develop an und	erstanding that the reasons for cave paintings are no				
Curriculum Concepts and Themes:	Are cave paintings art or are they methods of communication or are these the same thing? Use of materials to create methods for expression as well as a tool for survival.	Curriculum Skills Progression:	Explore and respond to direct sensory experiences, and to memory and imagination, natural and made environments. Develop some understanding of how artists, designers and craft workers, from different cultures and historical periods, develop, express and represent their ideas. Talk about the visual and tactile qualities of drawing and painting media. Draw the outline of a simple figure. Use a range of tools to apply paint, and create pattern. Combine paint and other materials effectively to create detail and texture. Make a simple paper stencil.	Direct links to made other subjects:	Stone Age History Topic. Stone Age boy story in English. Science: Rocks and Fossils link and Materials and their Properties.		
Inspirational Start:		Mid-way Milestone:		Extraordinary End:			
Virtual reality video				Showcase of art work.			
		Collecting natural materials hunt.		Click or tap here to enter text.			

<u>Art</u>	<u>Year 3</u>	<u>Summer 1</u>	Learning in this topic:				
	Theme: The Romans	Producing Creative Work and Ideas					
	Strand: Textiles Medium: Cross stitch		Children will look to create a repeating pattern design using colour, shape and pattern based on examples of Roman mosaics. They will design these on squared paper first to help with accuracy before creating a mosaic bookmark sewn onto binca fabric using a running stitch and cross stitch.				
NC objectives covered:	 To improve their mastery of techniques, including drawand sculpture with a rang [for example, pencil, char To learn about great artist designers in history. 	wing, painting le of materials rcoal, paint, clay]	Proficiency in art mediums (drawing, painting, sculpture etc.) Children will discover the different art mediums used to create mosaics including: marble, tile, glass, smalto, pottery, stone and shell. Tiles were laid on a bed of fresh mortar and then each tesserae positioned as close together as possible, leaving no gap. The floor was then grouted with a liquid mortar to fill in any gaps and leave a hard surface. It was finally cleaned and polished. Children will use paints to create their own design of a Roman mosaic and experiment with using primary and secondary colours as well as learning about and identifying complementary colours. They will then transfer this design onto binca fabric to create a mosaic bookmark.				
Prior Knowledge needed:	Knowledge of repeating patterns and Control of the Knowledge of significant artists and Control of this tory.		Analyse and Evaluate Art using design language Review and evaluate famous images of mosaics to interpret the design of the mosaic and the meaning behind it. They will comment and discuss the use of pattern, colour and shapes used as well as identify significant themes within the artwork.				
	Understanding of recreating prints and on the surface of natural and man-m Knowledge to make prints and patte natural and man-made objects.	nade objects.	Knowledge of artists and designers and their impact on history/culture Sosus of Pergamon (most well documented and famous mosaic artist from the 2 nd century BC). His work is 200 years before the Roi came to Britain. His work often celebrates wealth and he worked to celebrate the victories in battle of Alexander the Great. Two respectively.				
Curriculum Concepts and Themes:	Art as an expression of society and w Historical source work and inference. Historical view of everyday life and so Show an appreciation of workmanshi shown historically. Understanding of skill needed to creo pattern.	ocial norms. ip, crafts and skills	Curriculum Skills Progression:	 Develop some understanding of how artists, designers and craft workers, from different cultures and historical periods, develop, express and represent their ideas. Make a range of drawings in a sketchbook to record observations in detail, adding notes where appropriate. Use line drawings to show the size and relationship of shapes. Identify complementary colours. Create a simple design using squared paper and transfer onto binca fabric. Thread a needle and knot the end of a thread to start and stop sewing. Use running stitch and cross stitch to recreate a simple design. 	Direct links to made other subjects:	Maths links to repeated patterns, shape and tessellation. History links to the history of The Roman Empire and evidence of its significance still today.	
Inspirational Start:		Mid-way Milestone:		Extraordinary End:			
Creating a simple mosaic using ipads/computers online. https://www.learningplayground.co.uk/mosaic/		Create a simple mosaic using binca fabric.		Showcase mosai	ase mosaic bookmarks.		